Highest Mortgage Rates in More Than a Month, But There Are Silver Linings

So far, 2024 has been distinctly different from the end of 2023. November and December saw rates move lower at one of the fastest paces in decades. In contrast, January has delivered a fairly consistent uptrend with the average lender now at the highest levels in more than a month.

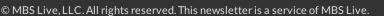
Frustratingly, widespread media coverage suggested rates fell to their lowest levels since May this week. Rest assured, this is NOT the case. It wasn't even the case last week, although that the claim would have been less frivolous last week.

The source of the confusion is Freddie Mac's weekly survey which is the longest-running and most widely cited mortgage rate index overall. While there are a few reasons that it doesn't always line up perfectly with reality, the biggest issue is really the lag effect resulting from the survey's timing and methodology.

Freddie takes an average of rate quotes on Thursday through Wednesday and reports that a day later. In other words, Thursday January 11th through Wednesday January 17th is this week's survey time frame. The 11th and 12th were the two best days of the past 2 weeks. They dragged the average down. Thursday and Friday of the current week have seen the highest rates in more than a month. They are NOT included in Freddie's survey.

Here's a comparison between the Freddie survey rate and the more timely MND daily index. As always, the best way to use a chart like this is to compare the movement in the lines, because outright rates themselves can be affected by multiple factors.







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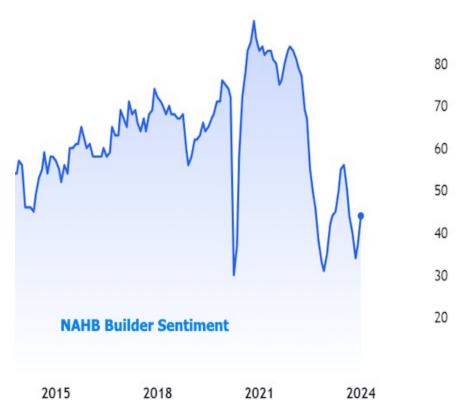
2679 Main Street Littleton Colorado 80120 NMLS 1182738 Colorado Life and Health Insurance 18150



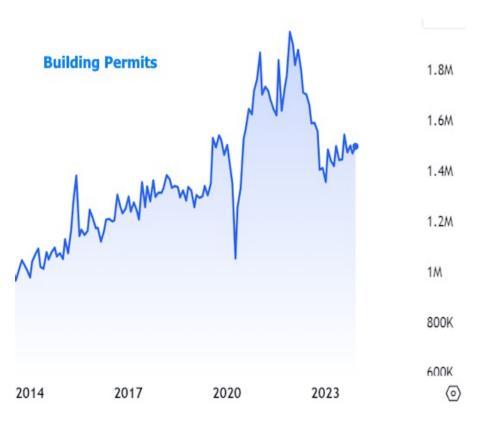
Bottom line on rates: they really are at the highest levels in more than a month!

The silver lining is that rates are still more than a percent lower than they were at the most recent highs back in October. The bond market is experiencing a bit of a correction after the fast-paced improvements at the end of 2023. It has been gentle so far, especially considering that we haven't seen any economic data that makes a strong case for additional gains.

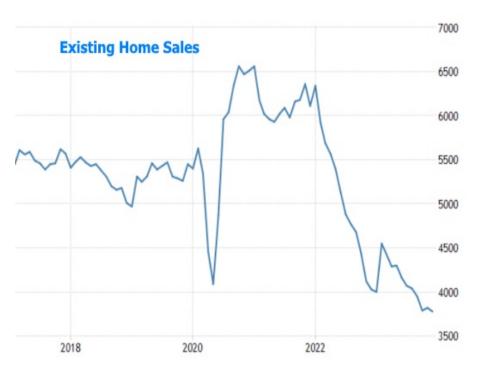
There are a few silver linings in the housing data as well, but mostly for new homes and construction. NAHB reported a decent uptick in builder sentiment via its Housing Market Index (HMI).



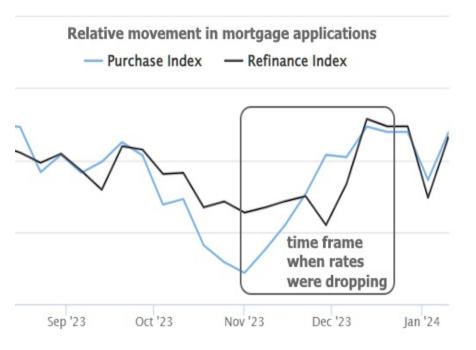
Construction and new homes continue to carry a bigger-than-normal share of housing market activity. This week's release of December building permit data shows more of the same slow, steady grind.



Contrast that to Existing Home Sales (also reported this week for the month of December) which came in at the lowest levels since 2010.



At the very least, the housing market is showing signs that it's receptive to the recent improvement in rates. This is best seen in more timely data series like mortgage applications, where both refi and purchase apps moved back up this week.



In the week ahead, we'll get additional housing market data in the form of New Home Sales on Thursday and Pending Home Sales on Friday. While this may be interesting to the housing market, it's not the data the Fed is most concerned with when it comes to calibrating the trajectory of the Fed Funds Rate in 2024. Unfortunately, we won't get any such reports before the next Fed announcement on January 31st. Rate volatility could increase quickly after that with the following week bringing several important reports.

It's important to separate hope from reality when considering rates in 2024. Yes, there has been a huge recovery since October, but it would not have been as big had it not begun from the highest levels in decades. Yes, it is entirely possible that rates could move quite a bit lower this year, but that won't happen if economic growth and inflation manage to stay elevated. It's been said so many times in the past year, but it bears repeating: the path of rates really is "data dependent," and if it seems like all we do anymore is wait for the biggest pieces of data to find out what the next big move will be, that's because that's the way it is!