



Why The Fed Rate Cut Didn't Help Mortgage Rates This Week

This week's newsletter will be intentionally short in hopes of it being easier to share, read, and digest. It will offer several strategies for understanding the paradoxical disconnect between the Fed Funds Rate and mortgage rates. For those interested in a deeper dive, the past 3 newsletters thoroughly covered it in detail:

[Why Fed Day Matters Even Though Mortgage Rates Are Already Lower](#)

[Why You Might Regret Waiting For Better Rates After The Fed Cuts](#)

[Here's Exactly What a Fed Rate Cut Will Do For Mortgage Rates](#)

Strategy 1: Think of mortgage rates as broadly correlated with the Fed Funds Rate, but with the important ability to adjust for probable changes in the Fed Funds Rate well before the Fed actually cuts/hikes.

Mortgages are based on bonds and bonds can move continually on any business day. Contrast that to the Fed Funds Rate which can only move once every 6 weeks. That means mortgage rates can react to all of the news and data that will eventually lead the Fed to cut rates, which is exactly why mortgage rates have been moving lower recently. Bottom line: the Fed was getting caught up to movement that already took place in the rest of the rate market. In fact, the rest of the rate market is already planning on several more cuts.

Strategy 2: Understand that the Fed Funds Rate is like a 1 day loan whereas the average mortgage lasts a number of years.

Loans with short and long time frames have different rates and can behave differently on any given day. Sometimes, longer term rates like mortgages can move in completely different directions from the shortest-term rates. This wasn't necessarily a major factor this week, but it's another reason for potential disconnects to be aware of.

Strategy 3: Understand that financial markets were already well aware the Fed was going to cut.

You may have heard the term "buy the rumor, sell the news." This refers to traders acting upon events that have a high likelihood of playing out as expected (i.e. "buying the rumor"), thus participating in a wave of momentum that makes those trades more and more profitable before ultimately exiting those trades (i.e. "selling the news") when the news finally happens.

Strategy 4: Consider the nuances in Fed day information.

In addition to the Fed rate cut itself, which was widely assumed, there were other more important aspects of Fed day. These included the member's rate forecasts via the "dot plot" as well as Fed Chair Powell's press conference. The dot plot was actually somewhat beneficial for bonds/rates, but Powell's press conference took things back in the other direction.



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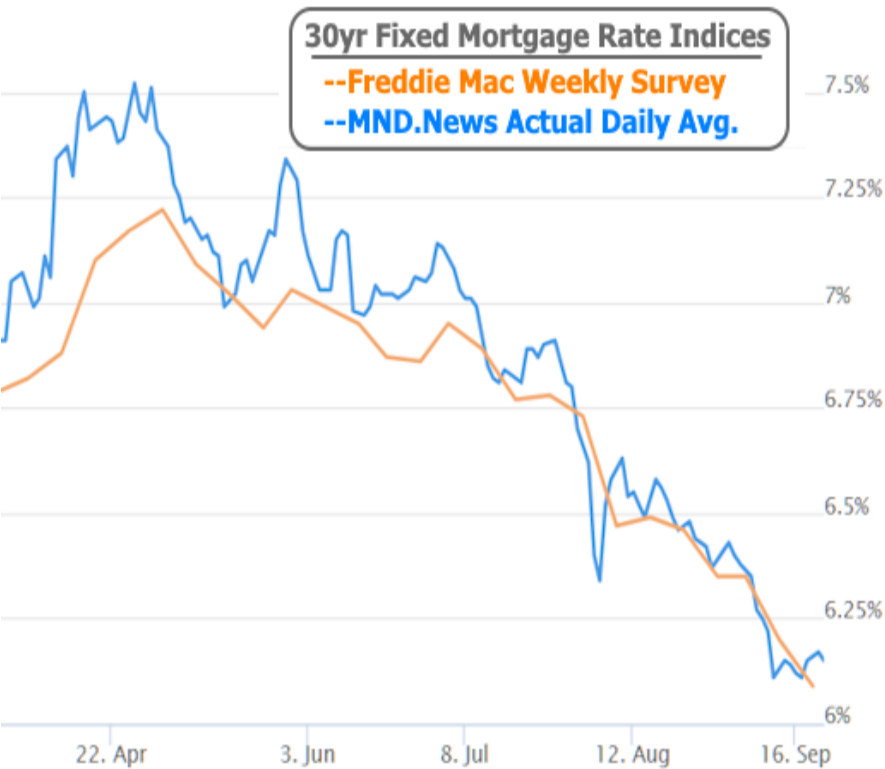
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Last but not least...

If you happened to see news headlines the day after the Fed announcement that suggested mortgage rates had, in fact, moved significantly lower, it was likely due to Freddie Mac's weekly mortgage rate survey--the one that uses a 5 day average through each Wednesday before being reported on Thursday. As such, Freddie's rate can be very stale compared to daily changes in rates.

It is true that we saw the lowest rates in a year and a half last Thursday and Friday. Some lenders were at the same levels again on the Tuesday before the Fed announcement, but the average moved higher after that.



Even so, rates remain very close to long-term lows with the average lender more than 1.5% below the long-term highs from late 2023. Incidentally, this remarkably similar to amount the Fed expects to cut rates in the coming years... almost as if the mortgage market can get in position for future Fed rate cuts well in advance?

The chart below shows the dot plot from this week's Fed meeting compared to the next most recent dot plot released in June 2024. Blue dots are new. Red dots are old. Note the downward migration. Each dot is one Fed member's outlook:

Before and After Dot Plot Comparison

Rate	2024		2025		2026		LONGER RUN	
	JUN	SEP	JUN	SEP	JUN	SEP	JUN	SEP
5.5								
	•••••		•					
5.25								
	••••••••							
5.0								
	••••••••••		•		•			
4.75								
	••••••••							
4.5								
	••••••••••	••••						
4.25								
		••••••••••	••••••••••		•			
4.0								
			••••••••••	•				
3.75			•••	•	•		••	
			••••	••••	••••••••		••	
3.5							••••	
			••••••••		••••••••		••	
3.25							•	
			••••••••		••••••••••	•	•	
3.0							••••••••	
			•		••••••••••		••	
2.75					••••••••		••••••••	
					••••		••	
2.5							••••••••••	
					••		••	
2.25								