## HOUSING NEWSLETTER

The Week's Most Important Housing News

## Once Again, Mortgage Rates Shoot Higher After a Fed Rate Cut

"If anything on Fed day ends up having an impact on mortgage rates, it would have to be changes in the Fed's rate outlook and/or comments from Fed Chair Powell during the press conference that follows the rate announcement." That's how we closed out last week's newsletter, and there were certainly some changes!

The gist was that mortgage rates often correlate very poorly with changes in the Fed Funds Rate in the short term. This has resulted in several examples of mortgage rates moving higher on the same day/week as a Fed rate cut. Longer term rates (like mortgages and most US Treasuries) are more interested in the outlook for the Fed Funds Rate in the coming years as well as the general shift in stance from the Fed.

Wednesday's Fed announcement highlighted such shifts in several ways:

1. The verbiage of the Fed's policy statement was updated in only one place. Instead of saying "In considering additional adjustments" to the Fed Funds Rate, the Fed expanded that sentence to say "In considering the extent and timing of additional adjustments." That may seem like a small detail, but to the market participants that determine interest rate volatility, it was a clear sign that the Fed may not continue cutting rates at the next meeting in late January. Fed Chair Powell later confirmed this takeaway in the press conference.



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2. The most notable shift was seen in the infamous "dot plot," which is a chart in the Fed's quarterly economic projections showing where each Fed member thinks the Fed Funds Rate should be at the end of the next few years. The so-called "dots" ended up moving higher than the market was expecting. The following chart shows how the dots changed from the last installment in September.

## **Before and After Dot Plot Comparison**

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Rate	2024	2025	2026	2027
	SEP DEC	SEP DEC	SEP DEC	SEP DEC
5.5		_		
			<ul> <li>Old dot from</li> </ul>	Sentember
5.25			= Old dot from September     2024 Fed meeting	
5.0			= New dot from	n December
	••		2024 Fed meeting	
4.75				
	•••••			
4.5				
	••••••			
	• ••••••	•		
4.25				
	•	• • • • •		
4.0				
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3.75				•
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3.25				
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2.25				

The critical column is 2025. The red dots show that, in September, most Fed members thought rates would be 3.25% by the end of next year. The blue dots show that, as of this week, most Fed members think rates will be 3.875 by the end of next year." There was also quite a bit of upward migration in the 2026 dots, but that wasn't as big of an issue for markets.

3. Fed Chair Powell reiterated the unfriendly messages for rates in the press conference that began 30 minutes after the announcement. Right out the gate, traders were rattled when Powell said this week's rate cut was a "close call, but the right call." Markets hadn't previously seen it as a close call. He went on to say that the Fed's rate-setting stance had entered a new phase that would be marked by an increased focus on inflation and increased caution in considering additional rate cuts.

Bottom line, while the Fed did cut its policy rate by 0.25%, the market had long since accounted for that. Instead, traders were reacting to the list of factors above. Here's how the reaction looked in terms of 10yr Treasury yields:



Incidentally, the stock market didn't like the Fed's message any more than bonds.



Mortgage rates were already heading higher last week and Wednesday's drama took them all the way back to the highs seen in early November. There was some reprieve on Friday, following a lower-than-expected reading in a key inflation report (PCE).



At this point, markets will be waiting for the jobs data and the next major inflation report (CPI) in early January before making any big decisions on the next big move for rates. This doesn't preclude volatility on a smaller scale. It simply means, in the absence of an unforeseen shock, we'd need to see hotter inflation and economic data in order for rates to move back up toward 2024's highs and cooler data to move below last week's lows.